

## RNaseq Normalization and Standard pair comparison with DESeq2

### **Programs required:**

### **Installation:**

### **Part0: Pre-process: (optional)**

# read in raw counts table in which rows are raw counts of each gene in each sample and column is sample names **How to get raw counts? HTSeq?**

```
rawCnt <- read.table("rawCnt.txt", header=T, quote=FALSE, sep="\t");
```

```
#make a experiment design table
```

```
condition <- factor( c( cond1, cond2, .....condK ) # K= 1, 2,...
```

```
exp_design <- data.frame( row.names(exp_des=colnames(rawCnt), sample=colnames(rawCnt),  
condition=condition ) );
```

```
#keep genes that have average raw counts 10 in at least one condition
```

```
rawCnt_mean_cutoff = 10 ;
```

```
Grps <- levels(exp_design$condition) ;
```

```
meanCntPerGrp <- sapply( Grps, function(grp) rowMeans( rawCnt[ , exp_design[  
exp_design$condition==grp, ]$sample , drop=FALSE ])) ;
```

```
clean_flag <- vector(mode="logical", length=nrow(meanCntPerGrp) ) ;
```

```
for ( each_col in 1:ncol(meanCntPerGrp) ){
```

```
  clean_flag = clean_flag | ( meanCntPerGrp[ , each_col] > rawCnt_mean_cutoff ) ;
```

```
}
```

```
CntTbl <- rawCnt[ clean_flag , ] ;
```

```
Save(CntTbl, exp_design , file="input.Rdata" )
```

### **Part1: Normalize all samples**

```
library(DESeq2) ;
```

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix( CntTbl , colData=exp_design, design = ~ condition ) ;
```

```
dds <- estimateSizeFactor(dds) ;
```

```
#get DESeq2 normalized counts
```

```
deseq2_normalizedCnt <- counts( dds, normalized=TRUE) ;
```

```
write.csv( deseq2_normalizedCnt , file="deseq2_normalizedCnt.csv" ) ;
```

```
save(dds, file="dds.Rdata")
```

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### **Part2: standard pair-wise comparison**

```
dds_obj <- "dds.Rdata" ;
load(dds_obj) ;

sub_dds <- function( dds, conds=c("cond1", "cond2") ){

  subdds <- dds[ , dds$condition %in% conds ] ;

  # releval condition
  subdds$condition <- factor( as.character(subdds$condition) , levels=conds ) ;
  design(subdds) = ~ condition ;
  res <- results(subdds) ;

  # options used below works better for smaller sample size ,like each condition has equal or
  less than 3 biological replicates .
  #res <- results(subdds, independentFiltering = FALSE,cooksCutoff = FALSE) ;

  return( as.data.frame(res)

}

# cond2 VS. cond1
res.cond2_vs_cond1 <- sub_dds(dds) ;
# cond3 VS. cond1
res.cond3_vs_cond1 <- sub_dds( dds, conds=c("cond3", "cond1") )
```

### **Part3. optional output format of pairwise compare**

#output a table more like DESeq which includes the average normalized counts of both of the conditions comparing .

```
sub_dds <- function(dds, conds =c( "cond1", "cond2") ){
  subdds <- dds[ , dds$condition %in% conds ] ;
  subdds$condition <- factor( as.character(subdds$condition) , levels=conds ) ;
  design(subdds) = ~condition ; # adjust donor effect
  subdds <- DESeq(subdds , betaPrior = FALSE) ;

  res <- results(subdds, independentFiltering = FALSE,cooksCutoff = FALSE) ;
  tbl <- data.frame( baseMeanA=baseMeanPerLvl[ ,conds[1] ] ,
                    baseMeanB=baseMeanPerLvl[ ,conds[2]] ,
                    log2FoldChange=res$log2FoldChange ,
                    pvalue=res$pvalue,
                    padj=res$padj ) ;
```

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```
colnames(tbl)[1] = paste("baseMean" , conds[1] , sep=" _" );  
colnames(tbl)[2] = paste("baseMean", conds[2], sep=" _" );  
return(tbl) ;  
}
```

```
tbl.cond2_vs_cond1 <- sub_dds(dds) ;  
tbl.cond3_vs_cond1 <- sub_dds(dds, conds=c( "A", "B" ) ) ;
```

**Sample Files**

**Sample Visualization—**  
**Quality Control**  
**dispersion graph**  
**Exon intron stats**

**Setup command**

Reference links/publications for tools: